

Questions and Answers about Wisconsin's 'Pickle Bill' – Amended to Include Information on the Emergency Rule

Wisconsin Governor Doyle signed the 'Pickle Bill' (Assembly Bill 229) into law in February 2010. This new law, along with an emergency rule which clarifies points of the bill, **exempts** a person from having to obtain a license to sell home-canned fruits, pickles, salsa and other naturally acid and acidified products if <u>all</u> of the following apply:

- The food products are pickles or other processed vegetables or fruits with an **equilibrium pH value** of 4.6 or lower.
- The person sells the food products only at a **community or social event**, **farm roadside stand**, or a **farmers'** market in the state of Wisconsin.
- The person receives less than \$5,000 per year from the sale of the food products.
- The person completes a home-canning safety course or follows an approved recipe.
- The person displays a sign **at the place of sale** stating: "These canned goods are homemade and not subject to state inspection."
- Each container of food product that is sold is labeled with the name and address of the person who prepared and canned the food product, the date on which the food product was canned, the statement "This product was made in a private home not subject to state licensing or inspection", and a list of ingredients in descending order of prominence. If any ingredient originates from milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, wheat, peanuts, or soybeans, the list of those ingredients shall include the common name of that ingredient.

In addition, the person must also:

- Annually register (at no cost) with the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (WDATCP).
- ➤ Test the first batch of canned product for <u>each</u> recipe used in <u>each year</u> to verify that the canned products meet the pH requirement. A list of commercial labs which offer pH testing can be found here: http://www.foodsafety.wisc.edu/assets/pdf Files/Testing Labs 0110.pdf
- > Keep complete written records of every batch of canned product for 2 years including:
 - o Name of the product
 - o Product recipe (including procedures and ingredients)
 - o Amount of the batch canned and sold
 - Canning and sale dates, sales location and gross sales receipts
 - o Annual pH test results for each batch (and other results, if collected)
 - o Disposition of any product not sold

How does operating under the 'Pickle Bill' compare with obtaining a license? WDATCP licenses and regulates businesses which process food for sale in Wisconsin. The following comparison generally applies to persons processing and selling acidified canned foods under the 'Pickle Bill' as opposed to those operating under a license from WDATCP.

Category	Licensed Processor	'Pickle Bill' Processor
License fee	\$60.00*/year – retail	No license required. Gross sales
	\$95.00*/year - wholesale	limited to \$5,000, or less, per
	*assumes annual sales less than \$25,000	year.
Food products	License fee covers processing and sale of acid and	Limited to canned fruits, jams &
	acidified canned foods (e.g. jams, jellies, applesauce,	jellies, and pickled fruits and
	pie filling, salsa, pickles), as well as bakery items,	vegetables. Low-acid canning is
	milled grains, dried foods, cut/packed produce, frozen	not allowed.
	foods, mixed foods, etc. Low-acid canning is generally	
Facility	not allowed. Approved facility, always separate from the family	In-home family kitchen.
requirement	kitchen. May be a separate home kitchen or in a	in-nome family kitchen.
requirement	restaurant, church, shared-use facility, etc.	
Sales venue	Any retail or wholesale environment (depending on	Farm market, roadside stand,
Sales Veriae	license); may include interstate or internet sales. [Local	community or social event in
	regulations and/or mobile food vendor or warehouse	Wisconsin only. [See below for
	licenses may apply.]	venues <u>not</u> allowed.]
pH testing	Applies to acidified foods only: pickles, salsas, some	Annual pH test results are
	sauces, etc. Commercial pH test results are required	required for <u>each recipe</u>
	for 2 batches of each acidified product at the time of	produced under the exemption
	licensing only, and as recipes are added. \$5-\$20 per	(jams, jellies, fruits, pickles,
	sample. On site monitoring thereafter. [Equipment costs	salsa, etc); one annual test per
	for on-site pH monitoring ranges from \$50 to \$500 for a pH	recipe. \$5-\$20 per sample
	meter, to \$20 for pH paper (100 tests).]	annual cost.
Training	A certificate of training is required only for processors	Attendance at a home canning
	of acidified canned foods (not for those canning	safety course or use of an
	naturally acid foods, e.g. fruits, jams & jellies). [See Wisconsin Acidified Canned Foods Training	approved recipe is required.
	Wisconsin Acidified Canned Foods Training www.foodsafety.wisc.edu/acidifiedcanning.html. There is a	[May attend Wisconsin Acidified Canned Foods training. There is a
	fee for this training.]	fee for this training.]
Registration	Annual registration is included as part of the licensing	Annual registration required (no
	process.	fee). Call 608-224-4700 to
		register.
Recipe	A university-based processing authority, or other	Pre-approved recipes are
approval	qualified individual, assists in recipe development and	available:
	process approval. Processors are urged to contact	• www.foodsafety.wisc.edu
	Barbara Ingham at 608-263-7383 or by email	• www.uga.edu/nchfp/
	bhingham@wisc.edu	Ball Blue Book (2010 edition)
Product	Each jar must be labeled:	Same <u>except</u> that a net weight is
labeling	Name of the product	not required and a lot code can
	Name and address of the producer	not be used. In addition, the
	• Ingredient statement (most to least)*	following statement must
	Net weight	appear on <u>each</u> jar label:
	• Date or lot code	"This product was made in a
	*If any ingredient originates from milk, eggs, fish,	private home not subject to
	crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, wheat, peanuts, or	state licensing or inspection."
	soybeans, the list of those ingredients shall include the	
	common name of that ingredient.	

Signage	None required.	A sign must be displayed at the
		place of sale stating: "These
		canned goods are homemade
		and not subject to state
		inspection."

What foods are not covered? The 'pickle bill' exempts from licensing only those processors who can naturally acid foods or acidified fruits and vegetables (jams, jellies, pickles, salsa). Other canned foods, like pesto, which contain dairy products or oil, or that are not primarily fruit or vegetable-based, are not exempt and must be processed under a license. Some dessert sauces, like lemon curd or flavored sugar syrups, and pickled meat, eggs or fish must be processed under a license. Individuals who sell baked items, repackage foods, sell dried or frozen foods, etc. must be licensed. Licensing information can be obtained from WDATCP at 608-224-4700.

Does the \$5,000 exemption apply to sales, or profits? The \$5,000 exemption applies to total **sales** (retail only) for a single household. Two or more people may together sell product under the exemption, as long as the combined sales are less than \$5,000.

May a person can fruits or acidified vegetables in a shared-use facility, restaurant or church kitchen, or other venue and still claim the exemption under the new law? No, the law specifically stipulates that a person claiming exemption from licensing under the 'pickle bill' must use a home kitchen. Canning fruits or acidified vegetables in a shared-use facility or other inspected facility requires that the person be licensed. Each person processing food in a shared-use facility, restaurant, church kitchen, etc. must carry their own food processing license.

What counts as a 'community or social event, farm roadside stand, or a farmers' market?' These events include county fairs, town celebrations, and sporadic church or service club bazaars, farm roadside stands, or regularly scheduled farm markets. Events where unlicensed and uninspected products may not be sold include for-profit events, "Taste of Madison" type events, craft shows, traveling circuses or carnivals, high school sporting or fund-raising events, and regularly occurring licensed food-sales events such as a church's Friday night fish fry. Questions about the suitability of a sales venue should be directed to WDATCP at 608-224-4700.

Who should I call if I have questions? Questions related to licensing fees, facility requirements and state regulations should be addressed to WDATCP at 608-224-4700. Questions related to types of products that are exempt, training, sources of approved recipes, and pH testing should be addressed to Barb Ingham (UW-Extension Food Scientist) at 608-263-7383 or bhingham@wisc.edu. Dr. Ingham also serves as a process authority for licensed processors.

Web-based information to assist licensed processors of acidified canned foods can be found online: www.foodsafety.wisc.edu/acidifiedcanning.html. Approved recipes that are part of the Wisconsin Safe Food Preservation Series and general food safety and food preservation information can also be found online: www.foodsafety.wisc.edu

Good luck!